

- TO VOTE, COMPLETELY FILL IN THE OVAL ● NEXT TO YOUR CHOICE.
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- To vote for a candidate whose name is not printed on the ballot, fill in the oval, and write in the candidate's name on the blank line provided for a write-in candidate.

CONGRESSIONAL

UNITED STATES SENATOR
(Vote for One)

Marco Rubio REP

Kendrick B. Meek DEM

Alexander Andrew Snitker LBT

Bernie DeCastro CPF

Sue Askeland NPA

Bruce Ray Riggs NPA

Bobbie Bean NPA

Rick Tyler NPA

Charlie Crist NPA

Lewis Jerome Armstrong NPA

Write-in

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS DISTRICT 1
(Vote for One)

Jeff Miller REP

Joe Cantrell NPA

John Krause NPA

Write-in

STATE

GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
(Vote for One)

Rick Scott REP
Jennifer Carroll

Alex Sink DEM
Rod Smith

Peter Allen IDP
John E Zanni

Michael E. Arth NPA
Al Krulick

Farid Khavari NPA
Darcy G. Richardson

C. C. Reed NPA
Larry Waldo, Sr.

Daniel Imperato NPA
Karl C.C. Behm

Write-in

ATTORNEY GENERAL
(Vote for One)

Pam Bondi REP

Dan Gelber DEM

Jim Lewis NPA

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
(Vote for One)

Jeff Atwater REP

Loranne Ausley DEM

Ken Mazzie NPA

Tom Stearns NPA

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE
(Vote for One)

Adam H. Putnam REP

Scott Maddox DEM

Ira Chester TEA

Thad Hamilton NPA

LEGISLATIVE

STATE SENATOR DISTRICT 2
(Vote for One)

Greg Evers REP

Christopher S. Crawford TEA

Write-in

COUNTY

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
(Vote for One)

Bobby Beasley REP

Shelia Wilkerson Grimes DEM

COUNTY COMMISSIONER DISTRICT 4
(Vote for One)

Sara Comander REP

David Kramer NPA

NONPARTISAN

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
Shall Justice **Charles T. Canady** of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

YES

NO

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
Shall Justice **Jorge Labarga** of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

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YES

NO

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge **Kent Wetherell** of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge **Jim Wolf** of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

CIRCUIT JUDGE, 1ST CIRCUIT, GROUP 3
(Vote for One)

Michael A. Flowers

Alishia W. McDonald

G1 BALLOT STYLE

ALL PRECINCTS NORTH OF THE CHOCTAWHATCHEE BAY AND INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY EXCEPT FOR PARTS OF PRECINCTS 11, 13, & 34 THAT ARE IN THE SOUTH WALTON MOSQUITO CONTROL DISTRICT.

(INCLUDES PCTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 32, & 33 & PARTS OF PRECINCTS 11 & 13)

**PROPOSED
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS**

**NO. 1
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE VI, SECTION 7**

Repeal Of Public Campaign Financing Requirement

Proposing the repeal of the provision in the State Constitution that requires public financing of campaigns of candidates for elective statewide office who agree to campaign spending limits.

YES
 NO

**NO. 2
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE VII, SECTION 3
ARTICLE XII, SECTION 31**

Homestead Ad Valorem Tax Credit For Deployed Military Personnel

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to require the Legislature to provide an additional homestead property tax exemption by law for members of the United States military or military reserves, the United States Coast Guard or its reserves, or the Florida National Guard who receive a homestead exemption and were deployed in the previous year on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the Legislature. The exempt amount will be based upon the number of days in the previous calendar year that the person was deployed on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the Legislature. The amendment is scheduled to take effect January 1, 2011.

YES
 NO

**NO. 4
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE II, SECTION 7**

Refernda Required For Adoption And Amendment Of Local Government Comprehensive Land Use Plans

Establishes that before a local government may adopt a new comprehensive land use plan, or amend a comprehensive land use plan, the proposed plan or amendment shall be subject to vote of the electors of the local government by referendum, following preparation by the local planning agency, consideration by the governing body and notice. Provides definitions.

The amendment's impact on local government expenditures cannot be estimated precisely. Local governments will incur additional costs due to the requirement to conduct referenda in order to adopt comprehensive plans or amendments thereto. The amount of such costs depends upon the frequency, timing and method of the referenda, and includes the costs of ballot preparation, election administration, and associated expenses. The impact on state government expenditures will be insignificant.

YES
 NO

**NO. 5
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE III, SECTION 21**

Standards For Legislature To Follow In Legislative Redistricting

Legislative districts or districting plans may not be drawn to favor or disfavor an incumbent or political party. Districts shall not be drawn to deny racial or language minorities the equal opportunity to participate in the political process and elect representatives of their choice. Districts must be contiguous. Unless otherwise required, districts must be compact, as equal in population as feasible, and where feasible must make use of existing city, county and geographical boundaries.

The fiscal impact cannot be determined precisely. State government and state courts may incur additional costs if litigation increases beyond the number or complexity of cases which would have occurred in the amendment's absence.

YES
 NO

**NO. 6
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE III, SECTION 20**

Standards For Legislature To Follow In Congressional Redistricting

Congressional districts or districting plans may not be drawn to favor or disfavor an incumbent or political party. Districts shall not be drawn to deny racial or language minorities the equal opportunity to participate in the political process and elect representatives of their choice. Districts must be contiguous. Unless otherwise required, districts must be compact, as equal in population as feasible, and where feasible must make use of existing city, county and geographical boundaries.

The fiscal impact cannot be determined precisely. State government and state courts may incur additional costs if litigation increases beyond the number or complexity of cases which would have occurred in the amendment's absence.

YES
 NO

**NO. 8
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE IX, SECTION 1
ARTICLE XII, SECTION 31**

Revision Of The Class Size Requirements For Public Schools

The Florida Constitution currently limits the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in public school classrooms in the following grade groupings: for prekindergarten through grade 3, 18 students; for grades 4 through 8, 22 students; and for grades 9 through 12, 25 students. Under this amendment, the current limits on the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in public school classrooms would become limits on the average number of students assigned per class to each teacher, by specified grade grouping, in each public school. This amendment also adopts new limits on the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in an individual classroom as follows: for prekindergarten through grade 3, 21 students; for grades 4 through 8, 27 students; and for grades 9 through 12, 30 students. This amendment specifies that class size limits do not apply to virtual classes, requires the Legislature to provide sufficient funds to maintain the average number of students required by this amendment, and schedules these revisions to take effect upon approval by the electors of this state and to operate retroactively to the beginning of the 2010-2011 school year.

YES
 NO

**NONBINDING STATEWIDE
ADVISORY REFERENDUM**

**Balancing The Federal Budget
A Nonbinding Referendum Calling For An Amendment To The United States Constitution**

In order to stop the uncontrolled growth of our national debt and prevent excessive borrowing by the Federal Government, which threatens our economy and national security, should the United States Constitution be amended to require a balanced federal budget without raising taxes?

YES
 NO

SAMPLE

SAMPLE

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Bernie DeCastro CPF

Sue Askeland NPA

Bruce Ray Riggs NPA

Bobbie Bean NPA

Rick Tyler NPA

Charlie Crist NPA

Lewis Jerome Armstrong NPA

Write-in

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS DISTRICT 2
(Vote for One)

Steve Southerland REP

Allen Boyd DEM

Paul C. McKain NPA

Dianne Berryhill NPA

Write-in

STATE

GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
(Vote for One)

Rick Scott REP
Jennifer Carroll

Alex Sink DEM
Rod Smith

Peter Allen IDP
John E Zanni

Michael E. Arth NPA
Al Krulick

Farid Khavari NPA
Darcy G. Richardson

C. C. Reed NPA
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Write-in

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(Vote for One)

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Dan Gelber DEM

Jim Lewis NPA

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
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Loranne Ausley DEM

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Tom Stearns NPA

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(Vote for One)

Adam H. Putnam REP

Scott Maddox DEM

Ira Chester TEA

Thad Hamilton NPA

LEGISLATIVE

STATE REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT 7
(Vote for One)

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David B. Pleat DEM

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SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
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Bobby Beasley REP

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Shall Justice **Charles T. Canady** of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

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DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL

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YES

NO

CIRCUIT JUDGE, 1ST CIRCUIT, GROUP 3
(Vote for One)

Michael A. Flowers

Alishia W. McDonald

SOUTH WALTON MOSQUITO CONTROL DISTRICT SEAT 3
(Vote for One)

Ronnie Faulk

Jimmy Hendrix

Robert "Bob" Hudson

G2 BALLOT STYLE

ALL PRECINCTS SOUTH OF THE CHOCTAWHATCHEE BAY AND INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY

(INCLUDES PCTS 15, 18, 29, & PART OF PRECINCT 34)

**PROPOSED
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS**

**NO. 1
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE VI, SECTION 7**

Repeal Of Public Campaign Financing Requirement

Proposing the repeal of the provision in the State Constitution that requires public financing of campaigns of candidates for elective statewide office who agree to campaign spending limits.

YES
 NO

**NO. 2
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE VII, SECTION 3
ARTICLE XII, SECTION 31**

Homestead Ad Valorem Tax Credit For Deployed Military Personnel

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to require the Legislature to provide an additional homestead property tax exemption by law for members of the United States military or military reserves, the United States Coast Guard or its reserves, or the Florida National Guard who receive a homestead exemption and were deployed in the previous year on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the Legislature. The exempt amount will be based upon the number of days in the previous calendar year that the person was deployed on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the Legislature. The amendment is scheduled to take effect January 1, 2011.

YES
 NO

**NO. 4
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE II, SECTION 7**

Refernda Required For Adoption And Amendment Of Local Government Comprehensive Land Use Plans

Establishes that before a local government may adopt a new comprehensive land use plan, or amend a comprehensive land use plan, the proposed plan or amendment shall be subject to vote of the electors of the local government by referendum, following preparation by the local planning agency, consideration by the governing body and notice. Provides definitions.

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YES
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**NO. 5
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE III, SECTION 21**

Standards For Legislature To Follow In Legislative Redistricting

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The fiscal impact cannot be determined precisely. State government and state courts may incur additional costs if litigation increases beyond the number or complexity of cases which would have occurred in the amendment's absence.

YES
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The fiscal impact cannot be determined precisely. State government and state courts may incur additional costs if litigation increases beyond the number or complexity of cases which would have occurred in the amendment's absence.

YES
 NO

**NO. 8
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE IX, SECTION 1
ARTICLE XII, SECTION 31**

Revision Of The Class Size Requirements For Public Schools

The Florida Constitution currently limits the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in public school classrooms in the following grade groupings: for prekindergarten through grade 3, 18 students; for grades 4 through 8, 22 students; and for grades 9 through 12, 25 students. Under this amendment, the current limits on the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in public school classrooms would become limits on the average number of students assigned per class to each teacher, by specified grade grouping, in each public school. This amendment also adopts new limits on the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in an individual classroom as follows: for prekindergarten through grade 3, 21 students; for grades 4 through 8, 27 students; and for grades 9 through 12, 30 students. This amendment specifies that class size limits do not apply to virtual classes, requires the Legislature to provide sufficient funds to maintain the average number of students required by this amendment, and schedules these revisions to take effect upon approval by the electors of this state and to operate retroactively to the beginning of the 2010-2011 school year.

YES
 NO

**NONBINDING STATEWIDE
ADVISORY REFERENDUM**

**Balancing The Federal Budget
A Nonbinding Referendum Calling For An Amendment To The United States Constitution**

In order to stop the uncontrolled growth of our national debt and prevent excessive borrowing by the Federal Government, which threatens our economy and national security, should the United States Constitution be amended to require a balanced federal budget without raising taxes?

YES
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SAMPLE

SAMPLE

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Bruce Ray Riggs NPA

Bobbie Bean NPA

Rick Tyler NPA

Charlie Crist NPA

Lewis Jerome Armstrong NPA

Write-in

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS DISTRICT 1
(Vote for One)

Jeff Miller REP

Joe Cantrell NPA

John Krause NPA

Write-in

STATE

GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
(Vote for One)

Rick Scott REP
Jennifer Carroll

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Karl C.C. Behm

Write-in

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COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE
(Vote for One)

Adam H. Putnam REP

Scott Maddox DEM

Ira Chester TEA

Thad Hamilton NPA

LEGISLATIVE

STATE SENATOR DISTRICT 2
(Vote for One)

Greg Evers REP

Christopher S. Crawford TEA

Write-in

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(Vote for One)

Bobby Beasley REP

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Shall Justice **Charles T. Canady** of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

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(Vote for One)

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Alishia W. McDonald

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(Vote for One)

Ronnie Faulk

Jimmy Hendrix

Robert "Bob" Hudson

G3 BALLOT STYLE

PARTS OF PRECINCTS 11 & 13 THAT ARE IN THE SOUTH WALTON MOSQUITO CONTROL DISTRICT.

**PROPOSED
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS**

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CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
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YES
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ADVISORY REFERENDUM**

**Balancing The Federal Budget
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In order to stop the uncontrolled growth of our national debt and prevent excessive borrowing by the Federal Government, which threatens our economy and national security, should the United States Constitution be amended to require a balanced federal budget without raising taxes?

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SAMPLE

SAMPLE

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Darcy G. Richardson

C. C. Reed NPA
Larry Waldo, Sr.

Daniel Imperato NPA
Karl C.C. Behm

Write-in

**G4 BALLOT STYLE
PART OF PRECINCT 34 THAT IS NORTH OF
THE INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY AND IN
US CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 1.**

ATTORNEY GENERAL
(Vote for One)

Pam Bondi REP

Dan Gelber DEM

Jim Lewis NPA

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
(Vote for One)

Jeff Atwater REP

Loranne Ausley DEM

Ken Mazzie NPA

Tom Stearns NPA

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Thad Hamilton NPA

LEGISLATIVE

STATE SENATOR DISTRICT 2
(Vote for One)

Greg Evers REP

Christopher S. Crawford TEA

Write-in

STATE REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT 7
(Vote for One)

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NO

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
Shall Justice **Ricky L. Polston** of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

YES

NO

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge **Nikki Ann Clark** of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge **Paul M. Hawkes** of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge **Charles J. Kahn, Jr.** of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge **Phil Padovano** of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge **Lori S. Rowe** of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge **Kent Wetherell** of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge **Jim Wolf** of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

YES

NO

CIRCUIT JUDGE, 1ST CIRCUIT, GROUP 3
(Vote for One)

Michael A. Flowers

Alishia W. McDonald

SOUTH WALTON MOSQUITO CONTROL DISTRICT SEAT 3
(Vote for One)

Ronnie Faulk

Jimmy Hendrix

Robert "Bob" Hudson

**PROPOSED
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS**

**NO. 1
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE VI, SECTION 7**

Repeal Of Public Campaign Financing Requirement

Proposing the repeal of the provision in the State Constitution that requires public financing of campaigns of candidates for elective statewide office who agree to campaign spending limits.

YES
 NO

**NO. 2
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE VII, SECTION 3
ARTICLE XII, SECTION 31**

Homestead Ad Valorem Tax Credit For Deployed Military Personnel

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to require the Legislature to provide an additional homestead property tax exemption by law for members of the United States military or military reserves, the United States Coast Guard or its reserves, or the Florida National Guard who receive a homestead exemption and were deployed in the previous year on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the Legislature. The exempt amount will be based upon the number of days in the previous calendar year that the person was deployed on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the Legislature. The amendment is scheduled to take effect January 1, 2011.

YES
 NO

**NO. 4
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE II, SECTION 7**

Refernda Required For Adoption And Amendment Of Local Government Comprehensive Land Use Plans

Establishes that before a local government may adopt a new comprehensive land use plan, or amend a comprehensive land use plan, the proposed plan or amendment shall be subject to vote of the electors of the local government by referendum, following preparation by the local planning agency, consideration by the governing body and notice. Provides definitions.

The amendment's impact on local government expenditures cannot be estimated precisely. Local governments will incur additional costs due to the requirement to conduct referenda in order to adopt comprehensive plans or amendments thereto. The amount of such costs depends upon the frequency, timing and method of the referenda, and includes the costs of ballot preparation, election administration, and associated expenses. The impact on state government expenditures will be insignificant.

YES
 NO

**NO. 5
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE III, SECTION 21**

Standards For Legislature To Follow In Legislative Redistricting

Legislative districts or districting plans may not be drawn to favor or disfavor an incumbent or political party. Districts shall not be drawn to deny racial or language minorities the equal opportunity to participate in the political process and elect representatives of their choice. Districts must be contiguous. Unless otherwise required, districts must be compact, as equal in population as feasible, and where feasible must make use of existing city, county and geographical boundaries.

The fiscal impact cannot be determined precisely. State government and state courts may incur additional costs if litigation increases beyond the number or complexity of cases which would have occurred in the amendment's absence.

YES
 NO

**NO. 6
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE III, SECTION 20**

Standards For Legislature To Follow In Congressional Redistricting

Congressional districts or districting plans may not be drawn to favor or disfavor an incumbent or political party. Districts shall not be drawn to deny racial or language minorities the equal opportunity to participate in the political process and elect representatives of their choice. Districts must be contiguous. Unless otherwise required, districts must be compact, as equal in population as feasible, and where feasible must make use of existing city, county and geographical boundaries.

The fiscal impact cannot be determined precisely. State government and state courts may incur additional costs if litigation increases beyond the number or complexity of cases which would have occurred in the amendment's absence.

YES
 NO

**NO. 8
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE IX, SECTION 1
ARTICLE XII, SECTION 31**

Revision Of The Class Size Requirements For Public Schools

The Florida Constitution currently limits the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in public school classrooms in the following grade groupings: for prekindergarten through grade 3, 18 students; for grades 4 through 8, 22 students; and for grades 9 through 12, 25 students. Under this amendment, the current limits on the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in public school classrooms would become limits on the average number of students assigned per class to each teacher, by specified grade grouping, in each public school. This amendment also adopts new limits on the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in an individual classroom as follows: for prekindergarten through grade 3, 21 students; for grades 4 through 8, 27 students; and for grades 9 through 12, 30 students. This amendment specifies that class size limits do not apply to virtual classes, requires the Legislature to provide sufficient funds to maintain the average number of students required by this amendment, and schedules these revisions to take effect upon approval by the electors of this state and to operate retroactively to the beginning of the 2010-2011 school year.

YES
 NO

**NONBINDING STATEWIDE
ADVISORY REFERENDUM**

**Balancing The Federal Budget
A Nonbinding Referendum Calling For An Amendment To The United States Constitution**

In order to stop the uncontrolled growth of our national debt and prevent excessive borrowing by the Federal Government, which threatens our economy and national security, should the United States Constitution be amended to require a balanced federal budget without raising taxes?

YES
 NO

SAMPLE

SAMPLE